

Material Safety Data Sheet



Zep Sales & Service, A Unit of Zep Inc.
1310 Seaboard Industrial Blvd.
Atlanta, GA 30318
1-877-I-BUY-ZEP (428-9937)
www.zep.com

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product name BRAKE WASH (AEROSOL)
Product use Aerosol Brake Cleaner
Product code 0287
Date of issue 04/16/08 **Supersedes** 08/30/07

Emergency Telephone Numbers

For MSDS Information:

Compliance Services 1-877-I-BUY-ZEP (428-9937)

For Medical Emergency

INFOTRAC: (877) 541-2016 Toll Free - All Calls
Recorded

For Transportation Emergency

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 - All Calls Recorded
In the District of Columbia (202) 483-7616

Printing date: 04/16/08

Prepared By

Compliance Services
1420 Seaboard Industrial Blvd.
Atlanta, GA 30318

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview

DANGER

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

NOTE: MSDS data pertains to the product as delivered in the original shipping container(s). Risk of adverse effects are lessened by following all prescribed safety precautions, including the use of proper personal protective equipment.

*Hazard Determination System (HDS): Health, Flammability, Reactivity



Acute Effects

Routes of Entry

Dermal contact. Inhalation.

Eyes

Contact may cause eye irritation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering and itching.

Skin

Direct contact may cause irritation and redness. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, or reddening. Product may be dermal absorbed. Defatting properties, may aggravate an existing dermatitis

Inhalation

Avoid breathing vapors, spray or mists. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Vomiting increases risk of chemical pneumonia or pulmonary edema caused by aspiration of hydrocarbon solvents.

Chronic effects

Overexposure of this product by inhalation or absorption can produce central nervous system depression resulting in headache, nausea and/or dizziness. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce damage to kidneys, lungs, liver, heart, brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Carcinogenicity Ingredients: Not listed as carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Additional Information: See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Name of Hazardous Ingredients

	CAS number	% by Weight
HEPTANE; n-heptane	142-82-5	80 - 90
ETHANOL; ethyl alcohol; grain alcohol	64-17-5	1 - 10
METHANOL; methyl alcohol; wood alcohol; columbia spirits	67-56-1	<5
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; ipa; dimethylcarbinol; 2-propanol	67-63-0	<3
CARBON DIOXIDE	124-38-9	<5

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	ASPIRATION HAZARD. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Flash Point	Closed cup: <-18°C (<0°F) (Tagliabue.)
Flammable Limits	Lower: 1.2% Upper: 6.7%
Flammability	Extremely flammable. (CSMA) Aerosol that may flash back.
Fire hazard	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Fire-Fighting Procedures	Use dry chemical or CO ₂ . Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Spill Clean up Large spills are unlikely due to packaging.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not ingest. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Observe label precautions.
Storage	CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not store above the following temperature: 49°C (120.2°F). Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**Product name**

HEPTANE; n-heptane

ETHANOL; ethyl alcohol; grain alcohol

METHANOL; methyl alcohol; wood alcohol; columbia spirits

ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; ipa; dimethylcarbinol; 2-propanol

CARBON DIOXIDE

Exposure limits**ACGIH/OSHA (United States).**

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).

ACGIH/OSHA (United States).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).

ACGIH TLV / OSHA PEL (United States).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA/ACGIH (United States).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA /ACGIH (United States).

STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).

ACGIH/OSHA (United States).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eyes	Safety glasses.
Body	Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Recommended Viton gloves. Nitrile gloves. Neoprene gloves.
Respiratory	Use with adequate ventilation. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.



Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid. [Aerosol.]	Color	Clear
pH	Not applicable	Odor	Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
Boiling Point	Not determined.	Vapor Pressure	5.9 kPa (44 mm Hg)
Specific Gravity	0.69 (Water = 1)	Vapor Density	>1 [Air = 1]
Solubility	insoluble in water.	Evaporation Rate	Not determined.
		VOC (Consumer)	95.3% 5.51 (lb/gal) 660 (g/l)

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability and Reactivity	The product is stable.
Incompatibility	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂)

Section 11. Toxicological Information**Acute Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Heptane	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	18295 ppm	2 hours
Ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	20000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Methanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	5628 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13000 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	22500 ppm	8 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19000 ppm	8 hours

Section 12. Ecological Information

Environmental Effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
------------------------------	---

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations**Waste Information**

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities for additional information.

Waste Stream	Code: D001
	Classification: - [Hazardous waste.]
	Origin: - [RCRA waste.]

Section 14. Transport Information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label
DOT Classification	None.	Consumer commodity	ORM-D	-	
IMDG Class	Not determined.			I	

NOTE: DOT classification applies to most package sizes. For specific container size classifications or for size exceptions, refer to the Bill of Lading with your shipment.

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory Information**U.S. Federal Regulations**

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting:

Product name

Methanol

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: Methanol

All Components of this product are listed or exempt from listing on TSCA Inventory.

State Regulations

California Prop 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. :
Toluene

Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

*NOTE: Hazard Determination System (HDS) ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although these ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HDS ratings are to be used with a fully implemented program to relay the meanings of this scale.